SOCIAL RESPONSIVENESS IN NUMBERS

11 institution-wide programmes:

The African Climate and Development Initiative

The Engaged Scholarship Programme

The Global Citizenship Programme

The Futures Think Tank

Future Water

The Knowledge Co-op

Office for Inclusivity & Change (OIC)

The Poverty and Inequality Initiative

The Safety and Violence Initiative

The Schools Improvement Initiative

Students' Health and Welfare Centres Organisation (SHAWCO)

116+ social responsiveness initiatives in eight major areas

- Development — 25%
- Education — 22%
- Employment — 6%
- Environment — 6%
- Gender — 2%
- Health — 11%
- Inequality — 14%
- Poverty — 14%

100+ external partners:

- **22** Community-based organisations
- **16** Industry
- **27** NGOs
- **36** Public sector

Faculty social responsiveness initiatives:

- Centre for Higher Education Development (CHED) — **3**
- Commerce (including Graduate School of Business) — **27**
- Engineering & the Built Environment — **13**
- Health Sciences — **17**
- Humanities — **22**
- Law — **12**
- Science — **22**

Milestones

2003
UCT produces the first Social Responsiveness Report.

2006
The definition of social responsiveness is endorsed, stipulating that it must have an intentional purpose or benefit.

2009
The Social Responsiveness Award is established.

2010
The Knowledge Co-op is founded.

2012
UCT adopts the engaged scholarship policy.

2014
The biennial Social Responsiveness Report recognises the contributions of students as well as academics.

2015
The Engaged Scholarship Programme is launched in the Research Office.

2016
More than 20 academics participate in the Engaged Scholarship Programme.

2017
The Social Responsiveness Portfolio moves into the Research Office under the Researcher Development cluster.